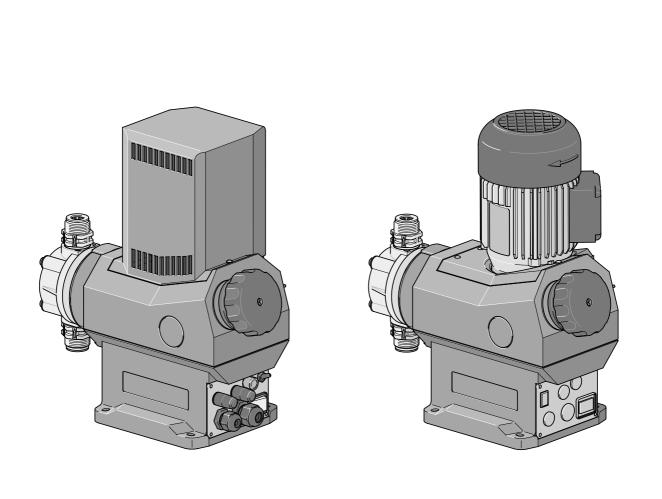
Operating Instructions ProMinent® Vario Metering Pumps





Stick identification plate here!

For safe and correct operation of ProMinent® Vario metering pumps, two sets of Operating Instructions are required:
The product-specific Vario Operating Instructions
and ProMinent® motor-driven dosing pump. Operating Instructions must be read together!
Please completly read through these operating instructions first! Do not discard!

Please completly read through these operating instructions first! · Do not discard The warranty shall be invalidated by damage caused by operating errors!

Publishing details: Operating Instructions ProMinent® Vario © ProMinent Dosiertechnik GmbH

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Subject to technical modifications Printed in the F.R. Germany

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Product Identification/Identity Code

The device label on the title page is identical to that supplied with the pump in order to facilitate matching the correct operating instructions manual to the pump.

Please enter the identity code given on the device label into the grey boxes below.

VAMb	Var	io Di	aphr	agm	Mete	ering	Pump, Version b				
	1204 0903 0604	7* 120 2* 100 9 070 7 050	025 063				ures 1 + 2 = back pressure [bar], figures 3, 4, 5 = feed rate [l/h]) and TT versions, max. 10 bar				
	0412	PVT	PVD	uid end F, PTF	mate E seal	erials:					
		SST					FE seal sions are still available (only for use with hydraulic connector: "0")				
			0 1 4 5	No with With	valve s 2 valv press	ure rel					
				0 1 2 3 4 7 8	Star Unio Unio Unio Unio Unio	draulic connectors: Indard connector according to technical data Indard connector according to the ac					
					0 2	With	sion: n ProMinent label (standard) nout ProMinent label (standard)				
						A B C D S	Electrical power supply: 1 ph., 230 V 50/60 Hz Euro plug 1 ph., 230 V 50/60 Hz Swiss plug 1 ph., 230 V 50/60 Hz Austral. plug 1 ph., 115 V 60 Hz USA plug 3 ph., 230/400 V 50/60 Hz (basic type only)				
							Control type: 0 Basic type with 1 ph. or 3 ph. motor 1 Mains switch and fuse + two stage float switch input + external contact input + pause function as N/C contact + dosing monitor input + two colour function display. 2 As 1 but with additional memory function 3 Mains switch and fuse + two stage float switch input + analogue input + pause function as N/C contact + dosing monitor input + two colour function display. 4 Basic type with Hall sensor 5 Basic type with Namur stroke sensor				
							Control variants: 0 For control option 0/5 (basic type) control options 1 + 2 only 1 6000 pulse/h 2 2000 pulse/h 3 4000 pulse/h 4 8000 pulse/h 5 10000 pulse/h 6 12000 pulse/h control type 3 only A 020 mA B 420 mA automatic stroke positioning for control type 0/5 (basic type) H With stroke positioning motor, 230 V/50/60 Hz I With stroke positioning motor, 115 V/50/60 Hz J With stroke control motor, 020 mA, 230 V/50/60 Hz K With stroke control motor, 420 mA, 230 V/50/60 Hz M With stroke control motor, 020 mA, 115 V/50/60 Hz M With stroke control motor, 420 mA, 115 V/50/60 Hz Switch mode relay:				
							0 No relay (basic type) 1 With fault indicating relay (N/C) 2 With pacing relay (N/O) 3 With fault indicating relay (N/O)				
VAMb					_						

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1 Safety relevant instructions for ProMinent® metering pumps

Safety precautions and important operating instructions are divided into classes and provided with symbols. Please familiarise yourself with the following designations and symbols.



DANGER:

There is a danger of injury or to life!



WARNING:

There is a danger of injury or the equipment can be seriously damaged!

CAUTION:

The situation demands increased awareness!

NOTE:

Information which is to be noted!



WARNING:

This equipment may only be used for its intended purpose.

1.1 General notes



WARNING:

- Assembly of ProMinent® metering pumps with foreign parts which are not tested or recommended by ProMinent is not permissible and can lead to injury to persons or damage for which no responsibility is accepted!
- Pumps must be accessible for operating and servicing at all times. Accesses must not be obstructed or blocked!
- For servicing and repair work where dangerous or unknown dosing media are being used, first empty and flush out the liquid end! Observe the safety data sheets for the dosing liquid!
- When metering dangerous or unknown liquids those working on the liquid ends must wear protective clothing (goggles, gloves)!

1.2 Notes for installation, commissioning and operation



WARNING:

- The metering pump may still contain residual water in the liquid end from testing in the factory.
- In the case of media which must not come into contact with water, the liquid end must be cleared of all water before commissioning. To do this rotate the pump 180° and empty the liquid end and then flush from above through the intake connection using a suitable medium.
- Do not connect mains voltage to the control cable!
- When operating the metering pump against a closed isolator at the pressure end, the backpressure can reach several times the maximum permissible backpressure. This can cause the delivery line to burst!

To avoid this, a pressure relief valve is recommended which limits the backpressure!

CAUTION:

- Design the pressure lines so that pressure peaks on the discharge stroke do not exceed the maximum permissible pressure (fit a pressure relief valve if necessary)!
- · Adjustments to the stroke length should only be carried out with the pump running!

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NOTE:

- The pump shall be secured in such a way that no vibration can occur!

 The valves of the liquid end must always be vertical to ensure correct operation!
- Intake and delivery pipes must always be arranged such that strain-free connection to the liquid end is guaranteed!

Pipes shall be secured in such a way that no vibration can occur!

Use only the locking rings and hose fittings designed for the particular hose diameter and also
use original hoses with the specified hose dimensions and wall thickness, otherwise the
security of the connection is not guaranteed!

Reductions in hose sizes are to be avoided!

The permissible pressure stress of the hoses is to be observed.

 When dosing extremely aggressive or dangerous media an arrangement which relieves back into the tank is advisable!

Moreover, an shut-off valve should be fitted on the pressure and suction sides!

1.3 Notes on servicing and repair



WARNING:

- Metering pumps and their peripherals may only be serviced by expert and authorised persons!
- When carrying out servicing or repairs where dangerous or unknown media are used, always flush the liquid end first!
- When metering dangerous or unknown liquids, those working on the liquid end must wear protective clothing (goggles, gloves)!
- The pressure in the metering pipe must first be released before working on the pump.
 Always empty and flush the liquid end!
 Observe the safety data sheets for the metering liquid!



DANGER:

• Isolate the supply cable or withdraw the mains plug before opening the pump. If the optional relay is fitted, also isolate this!

Check for freedom from voltage!

Always secure the pump against unauthorised restarting during repair work!

• Pumps which are used for dosing radioactive media must not be shipped!

NOTE:

 Pumps must only be returned for repair in a clean condition and with the liquid end flushed out!

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2 Product Description



CAUTION:

Use in accordance with regulations

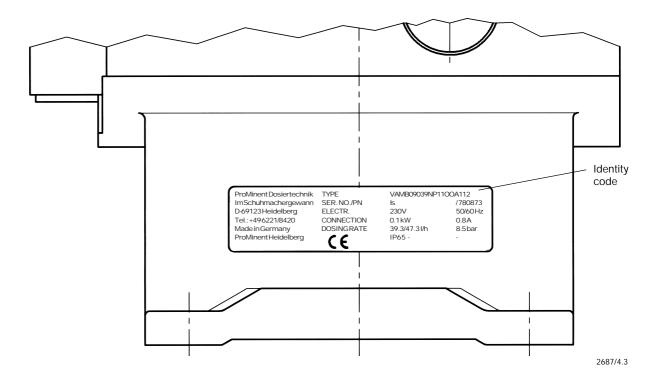
The Vario is a diaphragm metering pump for dosing liquid media. Example of use: quantity-proportional dosing of chlorine bleaching solution to drinking water. Control is achieved by means of a contact water meter.

Incorrect use

The pump is not designed to dose gaseous media or solids. When dosing chemicals the resistance of the materials shall be taken into account. Refer to resistance list. The pump is not suitable for use in explosion-proof areas.

2.1 Marking/Identification of pump type

Each Vario metering pump shall be provided with an identification plate on the side of the foot.



The identity code and serial number shall be given in addition to the normal technical data. Both these numbers are to be used in all enquiries as they enable the type of metering pump to be clearly identified.

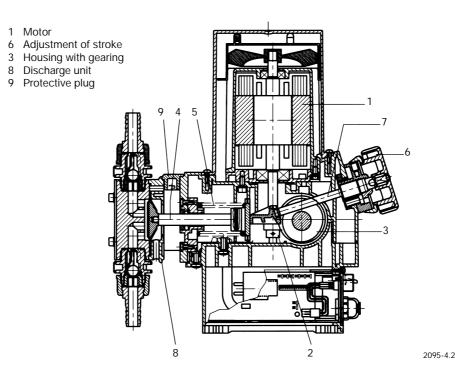
The meaning of the identity code in the individual pump functions is given in the product catalogue (refer also to Chapter 5 Technical Data).

Technical modifications reserved.

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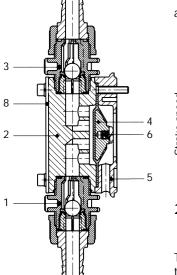
2.2 Construction and functional description of drive unit

The ProMinent® Vario is an oscillating displacement metering pump whose stroke length can be adjusted in steps of 1%. It is driven by a special custom built single phase AC motor or a standard three phase motor (1). Its drive rotation is reduced by the worm gearing (2) and transmitted via the eccentric roller (3) to the connecting rod (4) and therefore changed to an oscillating motion. A powerful return spring (5) holds the connecting rod against the eccentric roller to provide a return stroke. The length of the stroke is adjusted by using the stroke adjustment knob (6) and shaft (7) to limit the return stroke. The stroke is transmitted directly to the piston. In conjunction with the valves, this generates the pressure or vacuum in the liquid end which is necessary for delivery. The delivery flow is pulsating.

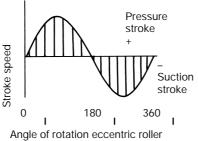


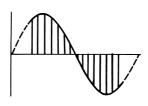
2.2.1 Diagram showing operation of stroke

- a) Stroke during max.number and length of strokes
- b) with reduced stroke length



2096-4.1





2.3 Construction and functional description of diaphragm delivery unit

The heart of the delivery unit is the DEVELOPAN® metering diaphragm (4). It hermetically seals the delivery chamber of the liquid end (2) and effects the displacement in the liquid end (2). The end washer (5) of chemically-resistant plastic separates the drive housing from the delivery part and protects the drive from corrosion in the event rupture of the diaphragm. The suction valve (1) and pressure valve (3) which are of identical construction, operate in conjunction with movement of the diaphragm to provide the delivery operation. The valve balls can be spring-loaded for metering viscous media.

The connecting dimensions of valves and liquid ends which are the same size but of different material are the same. The parts can be interchanged as required. An integrated bypass-/bleed valve may be optionally installed in the PVT version (see page 9).

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2.3.1 Integrated Overflow Valve with Bleeder Function

Task

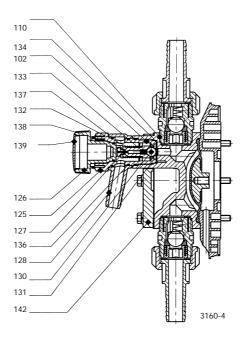
The task of the overflow valve is to protect the motor and gear unit against impermissible overpressure caused by the metering pump.

This function is produced by a spring-loaded ball.

A pressure relief mechanism for the bleeder function is provided.

Designand Functional Description

Initially, the overflow valve illustrated unter Item 102 operates as a simple directly control safety valve. As soon as the pressure set with spring Item 132 is exceeded, the effective pressure raises ball Item 130. The liquid then flows off into the tank via hose connection Item 128.



CAUTION:

- Knob Item 139 must be turned in clockwise direction as far as it will go "close".
- The bypass line must always be closed and must be routed back into the supply tank. Connection via hose connection Item 128.
- Minimal overflow can occur in the bypass line when the valve operates close to the overpressure function.

The bleeder function is achieved by turning knob Item 139 in counterclockwise direction as far as it will go "open": Priming aid for starting up pump against pressure. The force of spring Item 132 relieves ball Item 130 which is controlled by the lower spring force of bleeder spring Item 133.

CAUTION:

 Once the pump has primed, turn knob Item 139 in clockwise direction as far as it will go "close"! The pump can now be placed into operation.

Technicaldata

Corresponding to the type of pump, overflow valves are available for pressure stages pnom 3.5/4.5/5.5/6.5/8.5/10 bar with (1.05...1.4) xpnom opening pressure.

Materials in contact with metered medium

Liquidend:	Overflowvalve:	Seals in overflow valve:	Balls:	Springs:
PVDF	PVDF	Viton O-rings, PTFE	Ceramic	Hastelloy C4

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Use for intended purpose/Use not for intended purpose

Useforintended purpose

To protect the motor and gear unit against impermissible overpressure caused by the metering pump.

If the pump is the only pressure generator in the system, the overflow valve will also protect the system automatically.

CAUTION:

- Only for liquids with a viscosity of up to 100 mPa · s
- On pumps with a 1 ph AC motor, the motor is protected by an integrated thermal cutout.
- The ceramic ball and ball seat of the overflow valve are wearing parts. Slight leakage can
 occur at the safety valve after a prolonged period of operation. The ball and ball seat should
 be replaced if leaks occur.
- The bypass line must always be connected and must be routed back into the supply tank.
- Refer to the installation notes in the operating instructions for "Motor Driven Metering Pumps".

Use not for intended purpose

To protect the system from impermissible overpressure which has other causes than the pressure generated by the metering pump.

The pump must not be operated without the bypass line connected.

Connection of the bypass line in the intake line is not permitted as this would impair the effectiveness of the bleeder function.



DANGER:

When carrying out maintenance work on the overcurrent valve, pay attention to the tensioning state of the pressure spring Item 132! Wear safety goggles!

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2.4 The drive motor and the types of control

1-phasen motor

The single phase drive motor has integrated thermal overload protection. This activates to switch off the motor if the maximum permitted temperature is reached during operation.

NOTE:

· After the stationary motor has cooled down, the thermal overload automatically resets.

CAUTION:

• After the motor has been shutdown by the thermal overload, check that the pump is not being permanently overloaded. Constant switching on and off of the motor by the terminal overload is to be avoided (refer also to Chapter 5.3 Technical Data).

Standard 3-phase motor

The Vario basic type (controller type 0) is optionally available with a 3-phase dual wound motor, 3-pH. 230/400 V, 50/60 Hz. It can be connected directly to the terminal box on site (see also section 5.3, Technical Data).

Controller type 0: (basic type with 1-pH. motor)

This controller type is fitted with a mains connector (1), an externally accessible fine-wire fuse (3) and an illuminated mains switch (2). Dosing is continuous.

Mains cable (1) 3 (2) Safety switch (2) Safety switch (3) Switch (3)

Miniature fuse

The miniature fuse is triggered by electrical defects in the control system of the motor or by overload.

Fuse data: (refer to spare parts list)

The fuse can be changed without opening the pump control unit. All that is required is to open the screwed cap on fuse holder (3) and replace the defective fuse by a new one of the same type.



DANGER:

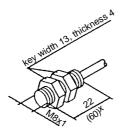
• Before changing a fuse, switch off the pump and disconnect from the mains.

Controller type 4 (basic type with stroke sensor)

This type of control unit has a mains connection (1), a miniature fuse accessible from the outside (3) and an illuminated 2-pole mains switch (2). Metering is continuous. Furthermore, the stroke sensor is fitted in the pump so that it is possible to change the control unit for a different type.

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Controller type 5 (basic type with Namur-type stroke sensor)



Material stainless steel

Switch aperture s_n inset 1.5 mm flush

See figure above

Electrical cabling: DC, two wire, as DIN 19 234 (NAMUR)

Fixtures:

as DIN 19 234 (NAMUR) NJ 1.5-8GM-N

Features:

Operating switch apertures $s_a = 0 - s_a - 0.81 s_n$

Reduction factor at V2A 0.85; Al 0.4; Cu 0.3

Standard measurement plate

 $\begin{array}{lll} 1 \text{ mm Fe} & 8 \text{ mm x 8 mm} \\ \text{Operating voltage U}_{\text{\tiny B}} & 5 \text{ bis 25 V DC} \end{array}$

Residual ripple - 5 % Switch frequency f 5 kHz

Electrical Data:

Standard voltage 8 V DC (Ri approx. 1 k/ohm)

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Individual inductivity} & 20 \ \mu\mbox{H} \\ \mbox{Individual capacity} & 16 \ n\mbox{F} \end{array}$

Output/power uptake

active surface free - 3 mA active surface covered - 1 mA

Mechanical Data:

Ambient temperature 248 - 373 Kelvin

(-25 °C bis +100 °C)

Enclosure rating as DIN 40 050 IP 67

Permissible impact and b - 30g, T - 11 ms Oscillation stress f - 55 Hz, a - 1 mm Connector 2 m, PVC lead, 0.14 mm²

RM

Standard symbol/connection:

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Control unit Type 1: (contact type)

This type of control unit has a mains connection, an illuminated 2-pole mains switch, a multi-coloured operating/fault indicator, a 2-stage level input, a metering monitoring input, an external contact input and a mode changeover switch. The operation of the motor is additionally monitored by means of an electronic safety device.

The contact type of control unit can also be supplied with a fault relay with a normally-closed or normally-open contact or a timer relay as an option. Where the fault relay or timer relay is used with a normally-open contact, the relay closes for approximately 4 seconds when the power is switched on, before it changes to its selected operating state.

Controls: - Mains cable (1)

- On/Off switch (2)

- Socket for level switch (4)

- LED indicator (5)

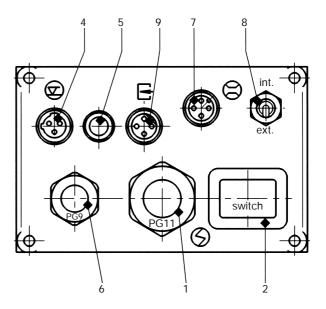
PG 9 blanking plug or, where there is fault/ timer relay ident code choice, a 3-core cable –

with a PG 9 union (6)

- Socket for monitoring dosing (7)

Internal/external changeover switch (8)

Socket for external control/interval function (9)



2624-4

NOTE:

 The connecting sockets (4 and 9) must always be occupied, either by functional plugs or level switches or contact/control cables! Always keep removed functional plugs for re-use!

Level input

The level input (4) is arranged as a normally-closed switch as standard and has both functions, early warning and shutdown. In the event of level early warning the function indicator changes from dark to red or from green to orange. If a fault relay is fitted its state changes. In the event of a level shutdown the function indicator changes to red and the motor is stopped in the O-stroke position, and if a fault relay is fitted the switching state changes.

Metering monitoring input

The metering monitoring input (7) is used to monitor the metering process. ProMinent metering monitoring sensors can be connected to the input. If the feedback from a connected metering monitoring sensor is absent for at least eight metering strokes, the pump goes to a fault condition. The function indicator changes to red, the motor is stopped in the O-stroke position, and if a fault relay is fitted it changes the switching state. The fault can only be reset by switching the mains power (on/off switching) or by a brief level change at the input pin of the contact input.

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External input

The external input (9) is used for external contact control of the pump or for a floating on/off switching (interval function) of the pump. The interval input operates as a normally-closed contact, i.e. when the input is open the pump is shutdown and when it is closed it is ready for operation. In the contact mode the number of motor switch-ons is limited to approximately 2000 switch-ons per hour. If the number of strokes to be carried out exceeds 2000, then multiple strokes are performed. The factor (can be set inside the pump) is selected such that the motor is operated continuously where there is the maximum number of input pulses (exception 60 Hz operation). Matching to the maximum incoming, external pulses is possible in principle, except for the possibilities (6000; 2000; etc) indicated in the ident code.

The control algorithm which takes place in the microprocessor guarantees that the incoming external signal is converted to the corresponding number of stroke within the control period of one minute.

Electronic safety device

The electronic safety device (rotation monitoring) is fitted as standard to control unit types 1, 2 and 3. The control unit registers each discharge stroke by means of a sensor. If longer than the previous control time of approximately 1 s is required for a discharge stroke, this stroke is regarded as not performed and the control unit indicates a fault (red LED).

The electronic safety device serves mainly to protect against overload during startup of the drive (e.g. on commissioning) or to provide a rapid shutdown of the pump if the gears or any parts of the motor are jammed.



WARNING:

 The pressure conditions in the metering system are to be checked and corrected as necessary before initial commissioning.

A functional check of the metering pump is also to be carried out. The fault can only be reset if the mains is switched (off/on switching of the mains switch) or if there is a brief level change at the switching pin of the external input.

Miniature fuse

The miniature fuse is triggered by electrical defects in the control system or motor. Because in the case of most defects (e.g. motor overload) the electronic safety device (rotation monitoring) respond first, the miniature fuse reacts only in exceptional cases. The miniature fuse is located on the board inside the pump control unit.

Fuse data: (refer to spare parts list).



WARNING:

• The fuse may only be changed by an authorised Customer Service

Control unit Type 2: (contact memory control unit)

The type 2 control unit is the same as the type 1 control unit except for the contact mode. In the contact mode incoming impulses which arrive faster than the pump can perform discharge strokes can be buffer stored in an internal memory with a maximum memory capacity of 655355 discharge strokes, and then performed.

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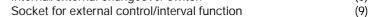
Control unit Type 3: (analogue type of control unit)

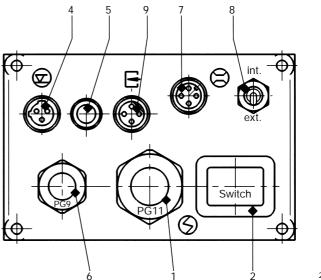
This type of control unit has a mains connection, an illuminated 2-pole mains switch, multi-coloured operating/fault indicator, a 2-stage level input, a metering monitoring input, an external analogue input and a mode changeover switch. The operation of the motor is additionally monitored by means of an electronic safety device.

The analog type of control unit can be supplied with a fault relay or timer relay as an option.

Controls:

-	Mains Cable	(1
-	On/Off switch	(2
-	Socket for level switch	(4
-	LED indicator	(5
-	PG 9 blanking plug or, where there is fault/	
	timer relay ident code choice,	
	a 3-core cable with a PG 9 union	(6
-	Socket for monitoring dosing	(7
-	Internal/external changeover switch	(8





2624-4

NOTE:

• The connecting sockets **(4 and 9)** must always be occupied, either by functional plug or level switches or contact/control cables. Always keep removed functional plugs for re-use.

Level input

The level input (4) is arranged as a normally-closed switch as standard and has both functions, early warning and shutdown. In the event of level early warning the function indicator changes from dark to red or from green to orange. If a fault relay is fitted its state changes. In the event of a level shutdown the function indicator changes to red and the motor is stopped in the O-stroke position, and if a fault relay is fitted the switching state changes.

Metering monitoring input

The metering monitoring input (7) is used to monitor the metering process. ProMinent metering monitoring sensors can be connected to the input. If the feedback from a connected metering monitoring sensor is absent for at least eight metering strokes, the pump goes to a fault condition. The function indicator changes to red, the motor is stopped in the O-stroke position, and if a fault relay is fitted it changes the switching state. The fault can only be reset by switching the mains power (on/off switching) or by a brief level change at the input pin of the contact input.

External input

The external input (9) is used for external analog control of the pump or for floating switch-on and switch-off (interval function) of the pump. The interval input operates as a normally-closed switch, i.e. when the input is open the pump is stationary and when the input is closed it is ready for operation.

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The control algorithm ensures that within the control period of one minute the incoming external signal is correctly converted to the corresponding number of strokes.

Electronic safety device

The electronic safety device (rotation monitoring) is fitted as standard to control unit types 1, 2 and 3. The control unit registers each discharge stroke by means of a sensor. If longer than the previous control time of approximately 1 s is required for a discharge stroke, this stroke is regarded as not performed and the control unit indicates a fault (red LED).

The electronic safety device serves mainly to protect against overload during startup of the drive (e.g. on commissioning) or to provide a rapid shutdown of the pump if the gears or any parts of the motor are jammed.



WARNING:

 The pressure conditions in the metering system are to be checked and corrected as necessary before initial commissioning.

A functional check of the metering pump is also to be carried out.

The fault can only be reset if the mains is switched (off/on switching of the mains switch) or if there is a brief level change at the switching pin of the external input.

Miniature fuse

The miniature fuse is triggered by electrical defects in the control system or motor. Because in the case of most defects (e.g. motor overload) the electronic safety device (rotation monitoring) respond first, the miniature fuse reacts only in exceptional cases. The miniature fuse is located on the board inside the pump control unit.

Fuse data: (refer to spare parts list).



WARNING:

The fuse may only be changed by an authorised Customer Service.

2.5 Standards and approvals

EC guidelines

EC Pump Guideline (89/392/EEC) as amended by 93/44/EEC

EC Low Voltage Guideline (73/23/EEC)

EC EMC Guideline (89/336/EEC) as amended by 92/31/EEC, in course of preparation

International standards

EN 292-1 Safety of pumps EN 292-2 Safety of pumps

EN 60335-1 A6 Safety of electrical equipment for household use EN 60335-2-41 Safety of electrical equipment, special pumps

The 100 V and 115 V version corresponds to the following:

CSA Standard C22.2 No. O-M91 General requirements CSA Standard C22.2 No. 108-M89 Liquid pumps

National standards

following:

Safety of electrical PIN VDE 0700, Part 1 Corresponding to EN 60335.1 and IEC335.1 equipment in accordance with the Corresponding to EN 60335-2-41 and IEC 335-2-41

DIN VDE 0700, Part 500 Routine testing of equipment DIN VDE 0530, Part 5 Rotating electrical pumps

DIN VDE 0110 b Clearances and creepage distances

Radio suppression DIN VDE 0871 B Radio suppression of high frequency equipment

Tests and approvals of components used

a) Pumps VDE 0551 Mains transformer

VDE 0565, Part 1 Interference suppression capacitors

VDE 0611, Part 1 Series terminals for mains power connection

VDE 0820, Part 1 Equipment protective devices

VDE 0560-8 Motor capacitor

VDE 0435 Electrical relays (optional)

VDE 0530 Motor

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3 Commissioning

3.1 General notes

The pulsating operation of the ProMinent® Vario as an oscillating displacement metering pump causes high pressure differences in the pipes on each discharge stroke. If these pressure differences are too great because of unsatisfactory lines, it can lead to high metering errors or to failure of the metering pump. When dosing very viscous media or where the metering lines are very long, a larger internal diameter for the pipe should be chosen if necessary and/or a compressed air chamber or diaphragm pulsation damper should be fitted.



WARNING:

• Check that the materials used can withstand the chemicals which are being metered (refer to ProMinent® Resistance List in the Product Catalogue).



WARNING:

• The safety notes in Chapter 1 must be observed.

3.2 Installing and connecting

- The metering pump must not be restrained by the cover (recognisable by the ventilation slots) for transport or packing. Danger of damage.
- The metering pump must be installed vertically with its base on a horizontal support.
- The intake and delivery lines shall be laid in such a way that the coupling to the liquid end is free of mechanical strain.
- The pumps and pipes shall be secured so that no vibration can occur.
- The pipes shall be attached in such a way that the pump and liquid end can be moved sideways if necessary.
- When metering extremely aggressive or dangerous media it is advisable to have a relief back to the tank and to have an isolating valve on both the delivery and intake side.
- If the installation instructions are complied with and the stroke length is greater than 30%, a reproducible metering accuracy of more than ± 2% is obtained.

Delivery line

- The delivery line shall be designed in such a manner that pressure peaks on the discharge stroke do not exceed the maximum permissible operating pressure.
- To protect against overload, a pressure relief valve with a return to the feed tank is to be provided on the pressure side.
- A pressure relief valve shall always be fitted in conjunction with a compressed air chamber or pulsation damper.



WARNING:

 Motorised metering pumps may under certain circumstances work against a substantially increased operating pressure for short periods without the electrical safety devices responding.

For this reason the maximum permissible operating pressure must be complied with to protect against accidents and premature wear.

Intake line

- The intake line must always be laid vertically.
- It should be as short as possible.
- It shall be dimensioned with regard to cross-section and length such that vacuum which occurs on suction does not reach the vapour pressure of the medium to be metered.
- Curves should be used where possible instead of angles for bends.
- Excessive vacuum on the intake side leads in extreme cases to a break in the column of liquid
 or to an incomplete return stroke (the return stroke can no longer be detected at the stroke
 adjusting knob).
- The product h · rho shall not exceed the specified maximum suction head.

h = geodetic height

rho = density

e.g.: h = 2 m rho = 1.48 $2 \cdot 1.48 = 2.96 \text{ mWS (mWG)}$

For details of the suction head refer to Chapter 5.1, page 22 "Performance data".

- It must also be guaranteed that no overload of the drive unit occurs on the suction side. Where there is a positive suction head the above limits shall be observed.
- The suction line shall be dimensioned such that no overload occurs at the end of the suction stroke due to mass lag.

ProMinent®

Pipe calculations

The necessary lines can be calculated in accordance with the "Calculations of metering lines" instructions.

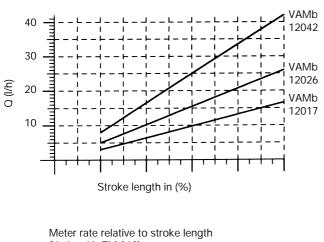
If all the necessary data in accordance with the Data Sheet (refer to annex) is submitted, the metering lines can be quickly checked in the works free of charge.

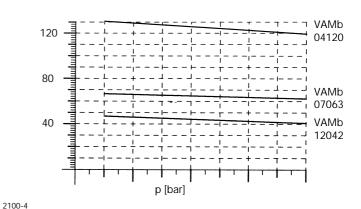
3.3 Commissioning

- Check correct installation in accordance with the aforementioned points and installation notes.
- Bleed the pressure side. Switch on the pump and allow to operate at maximum stroke length until the liquid end is charged. Switch off the pump.
- Close the bleed on the pressure side, if necessary open the shut off valve in the discharge line and allow the pump to operate.
- Check the response pressure of the pressure relief valve.
- Set the required meter rate in accordance with the "Meter rate relative to stroke length" diagram.
- Check the meter rate and correct if necessary.

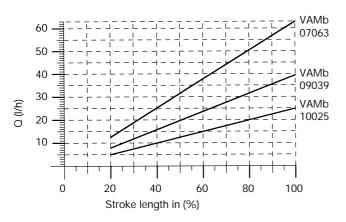
Diagram for setting the meter rate

Meter rate relative to stroke length (Vario with FM 042)

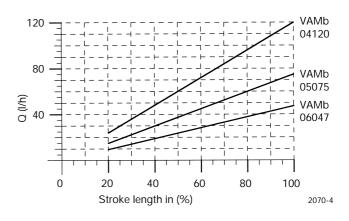




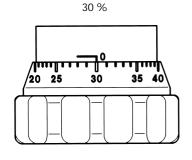
(Vario with FM 063)

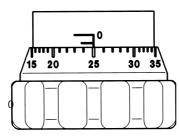


Meter rate relative to stroke length (Vario with FM 120)

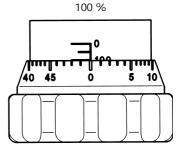


Setting the stroke length





75 %



1 rotation (360 °) \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 50 % stroke length

2625-4.1

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3.4 Troubleshooting

Symptom	Possible cause	Remedy
- Metering pumps does not suck (on commissioning)	Suction head too highBack pressure in the injection line (pressure side)	Install pump closing to feed tankRemove backpressure, (e.g. via bypass line)
- No metering even though the drive is running (after long operation)	 Stroke setting 0% Feed tank empty Gas bubble in intake line and liquid end 	 Increase stroke length (@100 %) Replenish metering medium and restart system Bleed intake line, check for leaks and restart system
- Leakage of metering liquid at the leak outlet of the liquid end	- Defective diaphragm	- Replace diaphragm (refer to Chapter 4.2)
Loss of metering performance (after long operation)	Defective wear parts in the valvesDeposits in the valves	 Replace (refer to Chapter 4.2) Clean or replace valve parts (refer to Chapter 4.2)
Dosing pump stops (1 ph. motor) (controller types 0, 4 and 5)	- Temperature monitor on motor has switched off due to ambient temperature being too high or due to overload - Miniature fuse defective due to overload or electrical defect	 Check pressure in metering line and correct as necessary. Check ambient temperature and reduce as necessary. Motor switches off automatically in operation after cooling. Check pressure in the metering line and correct as necessary. Replace fuse (refer to Chapter 2.4 Type 0 control unit).
Dosing pump stops (1 ph. motor) Red LED is lit (controller types 1, 2 and 3)	- Temperature monitor on motor has switched off because ambient temperature is too high - The rotation monitoring of the drive has switched off due to overload	 Check ambient temperature and reduce as necessary. After cooling down, clear the fault by switching the mains switch off and on Check pressure conditions in the metering pipeline and correct as necessary. Clear the fault by switching the mains switch off and on.

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4. Servicing/Maintenance

4.1 General servicing notes

- The servicing of Vario metering pumps is limited to checking the metering line and checking for leaks.
- The gearing is lubricated for life by packing with grease.
 (Type 1: Klüber ISOFLEX Topas NB 5051), capacity 24 ml).
- Spare parts are given in the accompanying spare parts list.
- The individual parts given in the spare parts list are regarded as wear parts.



The safety precautions given in Chapter 1 must be complied with.



Replacement of diaphragm

Flush the line (in the case dangerous media wear protective gloves and goggles). Switch off the pump and disconnect from the mains. Undo the unions on the valve and slacken the head bolts until free but do not remove. Hold the connecting rod against rotation by using an openended spanner through the opening in the head washer (5). Detach the diaphragm (4) from the head/diaphragm/head washer (8/2/4/5) assembly by turning sharply counter-clockwise.

CAUTION:

· Valves must be free of connecting pipes.

Remove the diaphragm. Clean the sealing surfaces. Hold the head washer in front of connecting rod (6) (drain hole downwards) and screw a new diaphragm onto the connecting rod. After the diaphragm has reached its stop, continue turning until the hole pattern aligns with the threaded holes. Place the liquid end in position and tighten (ensure correct direction of flow). Connect the valves. Switch on the pump and check the liquid end for leaks.

Replacement of valve parts

Flush the line (in the case of dangerous media wear protective gloves and goggles). Switch off the pump and disconnect from the mains. Slacken the connecting unions. Unscrew valve (1) and remove. Where the "valve assembly" is being changed clean the sealing surfaces and fit the new valve and seal in place and tighten. Connect up. Switch on the pump and check the connections for leaks.

If the internal parts of the valves are being exchanged, unscrew and remove the valve and slacken the valve seat bush using a special tool and unscrew. Replace the parts as necessary and reassemble in reverse order. Clean the sealing faces. Continue as before.

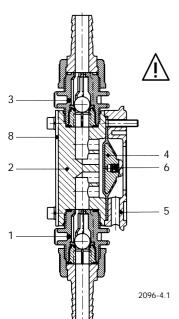


WARNING:

Repairs to electrical equipment may only be carried by qualified electricians. Serious
danger can arise to the user due to incorrect repairs. Repaired electrical equipment
must be subjected to a function and safety inspection in accordance with the valid
regulations of the consumer country.

DISPOSAL OF OLD PARTS

- Old parts are waste "which the user wishes to get rid of".
- Waste is to be disposed of through an "ordered disposal to preserve the good of the general public, and particularly for the protection of the environment". For this reason old parts must be disposed of in accordance with the Law on the Avoidance and Disposal of Waste (Waste Law AbfG), or sent for recycling.
- The municipal and community collecting point for special waste or an old parts disposal organisation contracted by the municipality and community takes the old parts.



4.3 Spare parts set

The spare parts kit contains all components required for maintenance of liquid ends.

PVT/TT1 Version

- 1 pump diaphragm
- 1 suction valve compl.
- discharge valve compl.
- 2 valve balls
- set of seals (jacket rings, ball seat discs)

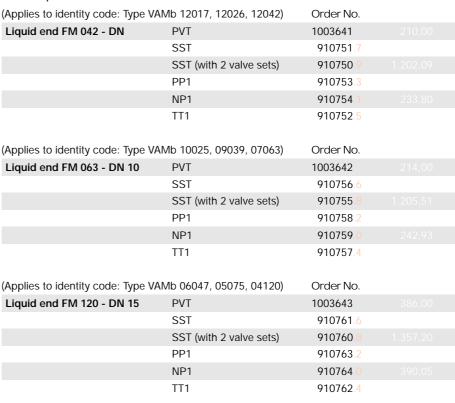
SST Version

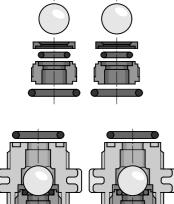
- 1 pump diaphragm
- 2 valve balls
- 1 set of seals (jacket rings, flat seals, ball seat)

PP1/NP1 Versions

- 1 pump diaphragm
- suction valve compl.
- discharge valve compl.
- 2 valve balls
- 1 set of seals (O rings, ball seat discs)

Vario Spare Parts Kit





pk_2_002		

Pump diaphragms

	Order No.	
Vario with FM 042 Typ VAMb 12017, 12026, 12042	811458.9	
FM 063 Typ VAMb 10025, 09039, 07063	811459.7	
FM 120 Typ VAMb 06047, 05075, 04120	811460.5	

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5 Technical Data

5.1 Performance data

	at 50 Hz				at 60 Hz						
	Pump Capacity at Max. Back Pressure			Max. Stroke Freq.	Pump Capacity a Max. Back Pressure		Max. Stroke Freq.	Suction Lift	Perm. Admiss. Pressure Suction Side	Connector Suction/ Discharge Side	Shipping Weight
Pump Type Vario	bar	l/h	ml/ stroke	strokes/ min.	psi	I/h/gph	strokes/ min.	mWG	bar	G - DN	kg
12017	10/12*	16.6	3.6	77	145	20 / 5.3	92	7	2.8	3/4 - 10	6.6/ 8.6*
12026	10/12*	26.2	3.6	122	145	31.4/ 8.3	146	7	2.8	3/4 - 10	6.6/ 8.6*
12042	10/12*	42.0	3.6	195	145	50.4/13.3	234	7	2.8	3/4 - 10	6.6/ 8.6*
10025	10	24.8	5.4	77	145	29.8/ 7.9	92	4	1.7	3/4 - 10	6.6/ 8.6*
09039	8.5	39.4	5.4	122	123	47.3/12.5	146	4	1.7	3/4 - 10	6.6/ 8.6*
07063	6.5	63.0	5.4	195	94	75.6/20	234	4	1.7	3/4 - 10	6.6/ 8.6*
06047	5,5	47.4	10.2	77	80	56.9/15	92	3	0.8	1 - 15	7.5/13.5*
05075	4,5	75.0	10.2	122	65	90 /23.8	146	3	8.0	1 - 15	7.5/13.5*
04120	3.5 (2.3**)	120.0	10.2	195	50 (33**)	144 /38	234	3	0.8	1 - 15	7.5/13.5*

^{*} Data for SST version

The maximum start up pressure when the 1 ph. AC motor is switched off at the mains is 20 - 50 % of the nominal maximum operating pressure.

In external contact mode (control options 1 + 2), at mains frequency 60 Hz the feed rate is the same as at 50 Hz. It is possible to adjust the settings to optimise feed rates at 60 Hz. Further details are available on request.

Materials In Contact With Chemicals

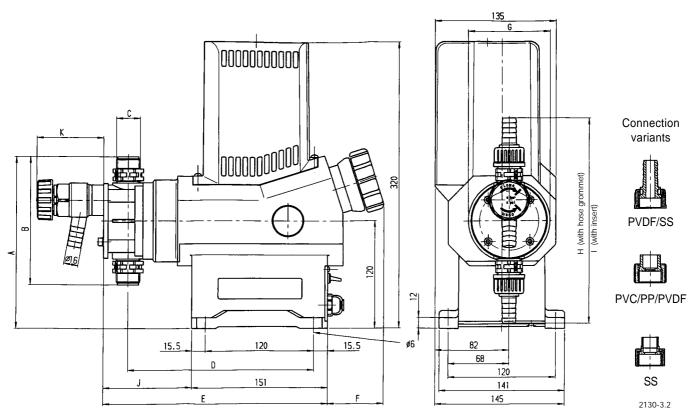
	Liquid End	Suction/Discharge	Seals	Valve Balls	Valve Seat	Standard connector
PVT	PVDF (Polyvinylfluoride)	PVDF	PTFE	ceramic	PTFE	choice, see identity code
SST	stainless steel	stainless steel	PTFE	stainless steel	PTFE	choice, see identity code
	no. 1.4571	1.4581		1.4571		
PP1	Polypropylene	Polypropylene	EPDM	Duran 50	EPDM	PP hose connector
NP1	Clear acrylic	PVC	Viton	Duran 50	Viton	PVC hose connector
TT1	PTFE with carbon	PTFE with carbon	PTFE	ceramic	PTFE	PVD insert

DEVELOPAN® pump diaphragm with PTFE coating

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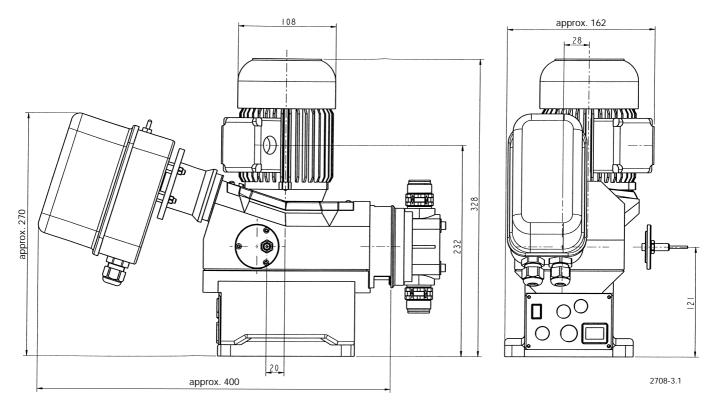
^{**} The value in brackets gives the maximum permissible start up pressure at the use of the "pause" function or for a single stroke via an external controller.

5.2 Dimensions sheet



Deliveryunit	Connection	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K
042 PVT	DN 10	191	142	G3/4A	208	246 (251*)	65	85	228	180	95 (100*)	74*
042 SST	DN 10	190	140	G3/4A	208	241	65	85	226	180	90	-
063 PVT	DN 10	191	142	G3/4A	208	246 (251*)	65	85	228	180	95 (100*)	74*
063 SST	DN 10	190	140	G3/4A	208	241	65	85	226	180	90	-
120 PVT	DN 15	218	195	G1A	210	256 (263*)	65	135	328	235	105 (112*)	69*
120 SST	DN 15	218	195	G1A	210	249	65	135	328	241	98	-

^{*} PVT with relief valve



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Temperaturedetails

Permissible storage temperature: -10 to +50 °C

Permissible ambient temperature: -10 to +40 °C for pump

-10 to +50 °C for control part

Temperature compatibility of materials:

Material	Long term exposure at max. backpressure	Short term exposure max. 15 min, at max 2 bar
PVT	50 °C	100 °C
NP1	45 °C	60 °C
PP1	50 °C	100 °C
TT1	50 °C	120 °C
SST	50 °C	120 °C

A brief overshoot (see above) is permissible, e.g. for sterilisation or flushing with hot water.

5.3 Motor data

Type: Single-phase a.c. motor with temperature sensor

Power supply

(according to type): 230 V \pm 10%, 50/60 Hz

115 V - 6%, +15%, 60 Hz

Output: 0.10 KW

Current consumption: approx. 0.8 A (230 V/50 Hz)

approx. 1.6 A (115 V/60 Hz)
The start-up current is equal to approx. 2.5 times the nominal current

Speed: 2.830 rpm (50 Hz) 3.450 rpm (60 Hz)

Insulation class: F

Type: Standard 230/400 V: 50/60 Hz 3 ph. motor

Power supply

(according to type): Đ/Y 220-240 V/380-420 V; 50 Hz

Đ Y 220-265 V/380-460 V; 60 Hz

Output: 0.09 kW

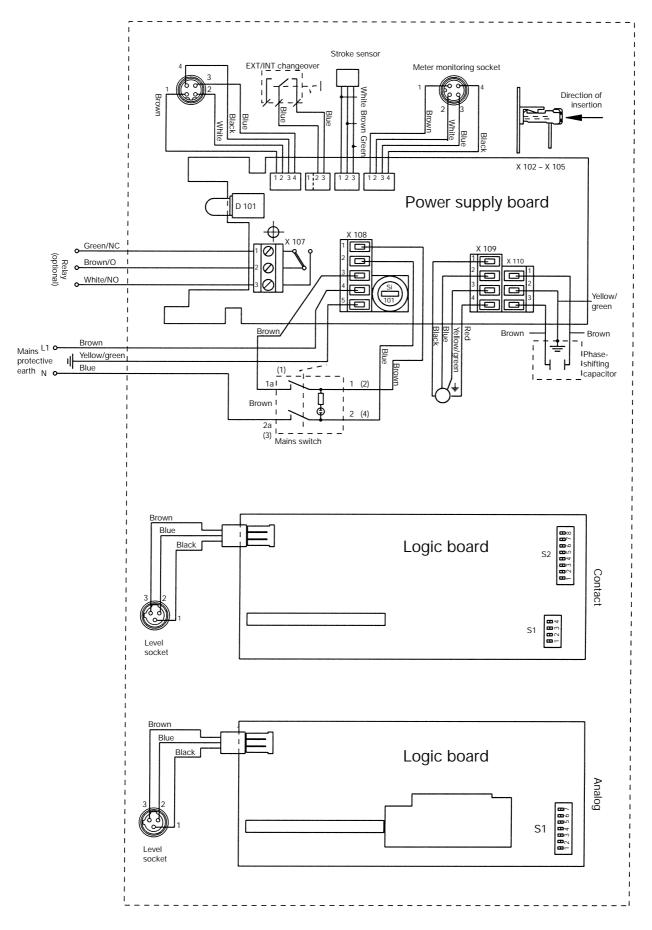
Current consumption: 0.5 A (230 V) 0.32 A (400 V)

Speed: approx. 2800 rpm (50 Hz) 3360 rpm (60 Hz)

Insulation class: F; IP 55

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Wiring diagram, types 1, 2 and 3 control units



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Viewonsocket

3 4

Technical data for external input: types 1 and 2 control units

Pin 1 = Interval input (switch on function)

Voltage level: approx. 5 V via 10 k Ohm

Contact load: approx. 0.5 mA

Residual voltage: - 0.7 V

Pin 2 = Contact input

2628-4.2 Voltage level:

Voltage level: approx. 5 V via 10 k Ohm

Contact load: approx. 0.5 mA Residual voltage: - 0.7 V

Pulse width:

Pulse frequency:

- 0.7 V

- 20 m s

- 25 pulse/s

Pin 3 = Analog input (not active)

Pin 4 = GND

Contacts (relay) or semiconductor switching elements with residual voltage of - 0.7 V (e.g. transistor in open collector circuit) can be used as input switching elements.

Viewonsocket

The state of the s

2628-4.2

Technical data, external input: type 3 control unit

Pin 1 = Interval input (switching function)

Voltage level: approx. 5 V via 10 k Ohm

Contact load: approx. 0.5 mA

Residual voltage: - 0.7 V

Pin 2 = Contact input (not active)

Pin 3 = Analog input

Input burden: 70 Ohm \pm 2% (for control variants A, B, F and G).

At approximately 0.4 mA (4.4 mA) the metering pump makes its first discharge stroke and at approximately 19.2 mA the pump goes into continuous operation. The precise values depend on the gearing and the frequency of the power supply.

Pin 4 = GND

Technical data for fault/timer relays

For fault relays with a normally-closed contact the relay closes immediately the power is switched on and opens in the event of a fault.

For fault relays with a normally-open contact the relay closes for approximately 4 s after power is switched on (power down phase) before it again opens. In the event of a fault the relay closes.

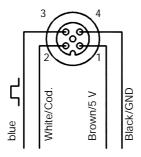
For timer relays with a normally-open contact the relay closes for approximately 4 s after power is switched on (power down phase) before it re-opens. The relay closes for approximately 100 ms on each discharge stroke.

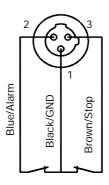
- Contact load: at 250 V AC., 2 A (resistive consumer), 200,000 switching cycles.

When inductive loads are switched, suitable suppression devices (e.g. RC elements) are to be used.

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Wiring diagram, types 1, 2 and 3 control units Pre-wired plug

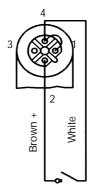




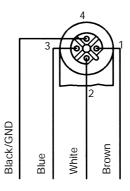
2628-4.2

Dose monitoring

Level switch
Contact open indicates empty



External/contact cable (for types 1 and 2 control units only) Contact closed – discharge stroke



Universal control cable:

External/contact: 2 white +

4 black/GND

(1 and 4 bridged)

Analog: 3 blue +

4 black/GND (1 and 4 bridged)

On switching function: 1 brown +

4 black/GND

Brown connected to black (9) pump dosing Brown and black open (9) pump stationary

NOTE:

If using 5-core signal cable the grey wire is not connected (no function).

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6 EC Declaration of Conformity

EC Declaration of Conformity

We,

ProMinent Dosiertechnik GmbH Im Schuhmachergewann 5 - 11 D - 69123 Heidelberg

hereby declare that, on the basis of its functional concept and design and in the version brought into circulation by us, the product specified in the following complies with the relevant, fundamental safety and health stipulations laid down by EC regulations.

Any modification to the product not approved by us will invalidate this declaration.

Product description : *Metering pump, Series Vario*

Product type: **VAMb...**

Serial number : see type identification plate on device

Relevant EC regulations : *EC - machine regulation (98/37/EC)*

EC - low voltage regulation (73/23/EEC)

EC - EMC - regulation (89/336/EEC subsequently 92/31 EEC)

Harmonised standards used,

in particular:

DIN EN 292-1, DIN EN 292-2, DIN EN 809 DIN EN 60335-1 A6, DIN EN 60335-2-41

DIN EN 50081-1/2, DIN EN 50082-1/2, DIN EN 55014

DIN EN 61000-3-2, DIN EN 61000-3-3

National standards and other

technical specifications used,

in particular:

DIN VDE 0700 T1 DIN VDE 0700 T41 DIN VDE 0700 T500

CSA Standard C22.2 No. 0 - M 91 (115V - Version) CSA Standard C22.2 No.108 - M 89 (115V - Version)

Date/manufacturer's signature :

The undersigned: Dr.- Ing. R. Dulger, President

Guarantee application for metering pumps

Please	ecomp	bletefully!
Company:		
Telephone No:	_ Da	te:
Address:		
Specialist (customer):		
Contract No:	_ De	livery date:
Pump type/ Ident code:	_ Se	rial No:
Short description of fault:		
Typeoffault:		
Mechanicalfault	2	Electricalfault
O Untypical wear	$\bigcap_{i=1}^{n}$	Connections such as plugs or cables loos
○ Wear parts	\bigcirc	Controls (e.g. switches)
Fracture/other damage	\bigcirc	Control system
○ Corrosion	O	
Damaged in transit		
3 Leakage	4	Noneorpoordeliveryrate
Couplings	\circ	Defective diaphragm
Control Liquid end	0	Other
Operating conditions of ProMinent® pur	mps:	
Location/plant designation:		
Pump accessories used:		
Commissioning (date):		
Running time (approx. running hours):		

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Customer:			
Project No:	Date: _		
		Sketch/remarks on back	
Meteringpumps			
Туре	-		
Delivery rate	l/h		
No. of strokes	S/min		
Type of valve (ball/plate)	_		
Valve spring pressure, suction side	bar		
Valve spring pressure, pressure side	bar		
Max. permissible operating pressure Medium	bar		
Designation, concentration	%		
Amount of solids/grain size	%/mm		
Material, solid/hardness	Mohs		
Dynamic viscosity	mPas(cP)		
Density	kg/m³		
Vapour pressure at operating temperature	bar/°C		
System, suctions ide			
Pressure in suction tank			
Nominal diameter of suction pipe	DN/mm		
Suction head, min/max.	m		
Inlet height, min/max.	m		
Length of suction pipe	m		
Condition of pipeline **		Plastic, smooth and clean	
		Steel, seamless smooth	
		Steel, galvanised	
Number of angles/valves			
Pulsation damper		Diaphragm storage tank	
System, pressure side		7.III Gridinizor	
Static pressure of system min/max.	bar		
Nominal diameter of pressure pipe	DN/mm		
Length of pressure pipe	m		
Delivery head *	m		
Condition of line **		Plastic, smooth and clean	
		Steel, seamless smooth	
		Steel, galvanised	
Number of angles/valves pulsation			
damper		Diphragm storage tools	14
		Diphragm storage tank	
		Air chamber	itr.

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^{*} When making calculations note the signs, tank level below liquid end = negative suction head H metering line - outlet level below liquid end = negative pressure head HD

 $^{^{\}star\star}$ For the precise calculation where viscosities are less than 50 mPas the condition of the line is to be given.

Customer:

Project no: Date:

